

## Herb Garden



Benefits of the herb garden:

- Once established, do not necessarily need daily care
- Perennial herbs will return every year
- Taste great!

There are many herbs that grow well in Ohio. This is just a small sample.

| Type of plant  | Herb Examples  |
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| Annuals – plants that compete their life cycle in one growing season. All roots, stems, and leaves of the plants die every year. Many annuals have to be replanted every year but some, like dill easily reseed themselves for the next year.                        | Basil, rosemary,<br>cilantro/coriander, dill   |
| Perennial – a plant that lives for more than one year. It often look as if they've died back by the end of the year but they return on its own from its crown or root system in the spring.  Note: some are difficult to control, meaning they can spread very fast. | Sage, oregano, chives, thyme.  While those could be planted in a container, it is not unusual for them to be planted in the ground or a raised bed in order to enjoy that they come back up every year.  Mint is an example of an herb that spreads very |
|  | fast and is difficult to control in the group. One simple solution to this is to <i>only</i> plant mint in a container.  |
| <b>Biennial</b> – not as common as annual or perennials, a biennial is a plant that completes its lifecycle in two years by germinating the first year and producing flowers and seeds the next year.  | <b>Parsley</b> is a biennial, although it is often grown as an annual.   |

Reference: https://cfaes.osu.edu/news/articles/horticulture-educator-offers-top-10-tips-for-planting-herbs

For more information: <a href="https://lucas.osu.edu/vegetable-gardening">https://lucas.osu.edu/vegetable-gardening</a>



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